Bridge to Graduate School 2006



Ana G. Mendez University System



Model Institutions for Excellence

Congratulations!

Dr. Fabio Sánchez and Dr. Jannette Cruz,

MIE Alumni



Johio Sanches, 3h. D.



Jannette Two, 3h. D.

- Sakia Sénchee was ewarded a NoS in Computer Science in 2001 from Universidad Metropolitana, a MS and Ph. D. In Niconstruce in 2003 and 2006 respectively from Cornell University.
- Jannette True was awarded a RiS in Themistry in 2001 from Universidad Metropolitane and a Ph. B. in Pharmacy in 2006 from the University of Paceto Kico.





Student Peer Reviewed Publications

The Plant Cell, Vol. 17, 616-627, February 2005, www.plantcell.org @ 2005 American Society of Plant Biologists

Characterization of an Arabidopsis Enzyme Family That Conjugates Amino Acids to Indole-3-Acetic Acid [™]

Paul E. Staswick, ^{a.1} Bogdan Serban, ^b Martha Rowe, ^a Iskender Tiryaki, ^{a.2} Marién T. Maldonado, ^{a.3} Mitsa C. Maldonado, ^{a.3} and Walter Suza^a

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Substantial evidence indicates that amino acid conjugates of indole-3-acetic acid (IAA) function in auxin homeostasis, yet the plant enzymes involved in their biosynthesis have not been identified. We tested whether several Arabidopsis thaliana enzymes that are related to the auxin-induced soybean (Glycine max) GH3 gene product synthesize IAA-amino acid conjugates. In vitro reactions with six recombinant GH3 enzymes produced IAA conjugates with several amino acids, based on thin layer chromatography. The identity of the Ala, Asp, Phe, and Trp conjugates was verified by gas chromatography-mass spectrometry. Insertional mutations in GH3.1, GH3.2, GH3.5, and GH3.17 resulted in modestly increased sensitivity to IAA in seedling root. Overexpression of GH3.6 in the activation-tagged mutant dff1-D did not significantly alter IAA level but resulted in 3.2- and 4.5-fold more IAA-asp than in wild-type seedlings and mature leaves, respectively. In addition to IAA, df1-D was less sensitive to indole-3-butyric acid and naphthaleneacetic acid, consistent with the fact that GH3.6 was active on each of these auxins. By contrast, GH3.6 and the other five enzymes tested were inactive on halogenated auxins, and dff1-D was not resistant to these. This evidence establishes that several GH3 genes encode IAA-amido synthetases, which help to maintain auxin homeostasis by conjugating excess IAA to amino acids.

INTRODUCTION

Throughout their life cycle, plants adjust their growth and development in response to a variety of internal and external cues. A critical mechanism to coordinate these responses is regulation of the quantity and activity of the phytohormone indole-3-acetic acid (IAA). The amount of active IAA in specific tissues is determined by an array of metabolic processes, including regulation of its synthesis, transport to or from specific cells or tissues, IAA inactivation and reactivation, and degradation via multiple oxidative pathways (for reviews, see Bartel, 1997; Normanly, 1997; Bartel et al., 2001; Ljung et al., 2002). In addition to the free acid, IAA occurs in a variety of modified forms, such as glycosyl esters and amide-linked conjugates with various amino acids and peptides. Only free IAA is established to be the direct biologically active compound, but its conjugates help to maintain IAA homeostasis, both by inactivating IAA and by serving as a reservoir of IAA that can be released upon hydrolysis.

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The author responsible for distribution of materials integral to the findings presented in this article in accordance with the policy described in the Instructions for Authors (www.plantcell.org) is: Paul E. Staswick (pstaswick titunil.edu).

WOnline version contains Web-only data.

Article, publication date, and citation information can be found at www.plantcell.org/cgi/doi/10.1105/tpc.104.026690.

IAA conjugates undoubtedly occur in all higher plants and in at least some lower plant species. Besides the ester conjugates, amide conjugates with Asp, Glu, Ala, Gly, Val, and Leu have been found in a variety of plants, and conjugates with other amino acids may also occur (Normanly, 1997; Ljung et al., 2002; Rampey et al., 2004). The amount of conjugated IAA is generally greater than, and sometimes far exceeds, the level of the free acid in plant tissues (see Bandurski et al., 1995). Conjugate formation and hydrolysis is developmentally regulated and varies significantly among plant tissues (for review, see Klezkowski and Schell, 1995). Perturbing IAA homeostasis can also influence IAA. conjugate level. For example, the exogenous application of IAA or other auxins generally increases IAA conjugate level, and the expression of transgenes involved in IAA synthesis or metabolism can also alter the amount of conjugates that accumulate (Sitbon et al., 1992; Normaniv et al., 1993)

A substantial quantity of IAA in plants can exist as amide conjugates with peptides that range in size from 3.6 to 35 kb. in fact, IAA peptides are the major amide conjugate in bean (Phaseolus vulgaris) (Bialek and Cohen, 1986) and Arabidopsis thaliana seeds (Ljung et al., 2002), the proportion relative to free IAA varying among tissues and during development. By contrast, IAA-Asp and IAA-Glu account for only 1% of the total amide conjugates of IAA in Arabidopsis (Tam et al., 2000), and even lower quantities of IAA-Ala and IAA-Leu occur in this species (Kowalczyk and Sandberg, 2001; Rampey et al., 2004). Nevertheless, evidence indicates that amino acid conjugates play important roles in IAA metabolism, particularly as temporary storage reserves and by initiating the catabolism of IAA (Cohen and Bandurski, 1982; Bandurski et al., 1995).





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Student Peer Reviewed Publications

Mathematical Physics

Intrinsic Spectral Geometry of the Kerr-Newman Event Horizon

Martin Engman, Ricardo Cordero Soto

(Submitted on 28 Sep 2005 (v1), last revised 16 Mar 2006 (this version, v2))

We uniquely and explicitly reconstruct the instantaneous intrinsic metric of the Kerr-Newman Event Horizon from the spectrum of its Laplacian. In the process we find that the angular momentum parameter, radius, area; and in the uncharged case, mass, can be written in terms of these eigenvalues. In the uncharged case this immediately leads to the unique and explicit determination of the Kerr metric in terms of the spectrum of the event horizon. Robinson's ``no hair" theorem now yields the corollary: One can ``hear the shape" of noncharged stationary axially symmetric black hole space-times by listening to the vibrational frequencies of its event horizon only.

Comments: Final version with improved abstract, updated references, corrected typos, and

additional discussion

Subjects: Mathematical Physics (math-ph); General Relativity and Quantum Cosmology (gr-

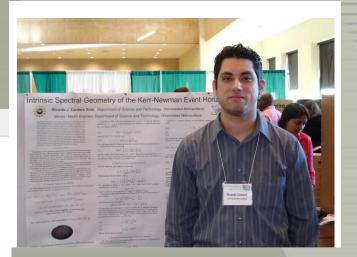
qc); Differential Geometry (math.DG)

MSC classes: 58J50 (Primary); 83C15; 83C57 (Secondary)

Journal reference: J.Math.Phys. 47 (2006) 033503

DOI: 10.1063/1.2174290

Cite as: arXiv:math-ph/0509067v2



Ricardo Cordero, Ph.D. (2011) Ari



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Anal Chim Acta. 2007 Jan 2;581(1):1-6. Epub 2006 Aug 7.

Electrocatalytic detection of insulin at RuOx/carbon nanotube-modified carbon electrodes.

Wang J, Tangkuaram T, Loyprasert S, Vazquez-Alvarez T, Veerasai W, Kanatharana P, Thavarungkul P.

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Abstract

A bilayer surface coating, prepared by electrodepositing ruthenium oxide (RuOx) onto a carbon nanotube (CNT) layer, offers dramatic improvements in the stability and sensitivity of voltammetric and amperometric measurements of insulin compared to the individual (CNT or RuOx) coated electrodes. The enhanced electrocatalytic activity towards insulin is indicated from lowering the potential of the oxidation process (starting around 0.35 versus Ag/AgCl) and the substantially higher sensitivity over the entire potential range. A wide linear dynamic range (10-800 nM) was achieved with a detection limit of 1 nM. The marked electrocatalytic activity of the RuOx/CNT coating towards insulin is coupled with a greatly enhanced stability. For example, the insulin amperometric response of the RuOx/CNT-coated electrodes is highly stable, with 97% of the initial activity remaining after 60 min stirring of 2 x 10(-6) M solution (compared to significantly faster current diminutions at the RuOx- or CNT-coated surfaces). The results suggest great promise for miniaturized sensors and detectors for monitoring insulin.

PMID: 17386417 [PubMed - indexed for MEDLINE]

- ⊕ Publication Types, MeSH Terms, Substances, Grant Support
- LinkOut more resources



Terannie Vázquez, Ph.D. (2009), Arizona State University

A Mathematical Comparison of Prevention Strategies for Addicted Women

Angela Ortiz
Department of Mathematics and Statistics,
Arizona State University

David Murillo Department of Mathematics and Statistics, Arizona State University

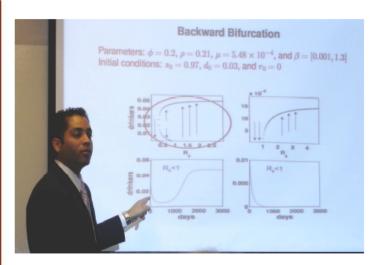
Fabio Sánchez Department of Biological Statistics and Computational Biology, Cornell University

Abstract

Crack-cocaine use among pregnant women is major public health concern leading to children born addicted to cocaine, an increased rate of HIV infection and many other health and social problems. Many programs exist that focus on the rehabilitation of women and mothers who use cocaine. We use deterministic approach to model the effectiveness of these programs. The focus will be on populations of women (often commercial sex workers) who are encouraged or forced to use drugs by drug dealers, pimps or both. The impact of drug rehabilitation and other treatment programs among particular groups is explored as well as the role of drug enforcement on the dynamics of this system. In particular, the roles of pimp's pressure on women to use drugs, the inability of drug users to quit due to addiction, and the relapses among those in rehabilitation programs are explored. The effect of longer jail terms for drug dealers and pimps is discussed in the context of the model and data available.



Ángela Ortiz, Ph.D. (2010) Arizona State University



Fabio Sánchez,
PhD. 2006
Cornell University
http://www.people.cornell.edu/pages/fas9/

Publications

Ph.D. Dissertation. Studies in Epidemiology and Social Dynamics. November 2006. [PDF]

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G. Chowell, A. Cintron-Arias, S. Del Valle, F. Sánchez, B. Song, J. M. Hyman, H. W. Hethcote, and C. Castillo-Chavez. *Mathematical applications associated with the deliberate release of infectious agents.* Modeling The Dynamics of Human Diseases: Emerging Paradigms and Challenges. AMS Contemporary Mathematics Series. Gumel A. (Chief Editor), Castillo-Chavez, C., Clemence, D.P. and R.E. Mickens.

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Bridge to Graduate School Ph.D. and Doctoral Degrees

ARIZONA STATE UNIVERSITY, Phoenix, AZ



Angela Ortiz Computer Science Ph.D. Graduate 2010







Terannie Vázquez Chemistry Ph.D. Graduate 2009

Ricardo Cordero Mathematics PhD Graduate 2011

UNIVERSIDAD CENTRAL DEL CARIBE, Bayamón, PR



Pedro González Cellular Molecular Biology MD 2010



CORNELL UNIVERSITY, Ithaca, NY



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Mitsa Maldonado Cellular Molecular Biology Pharm D. Graduate 2010



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Mathematics

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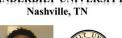


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Giulianna Murati DVM 2015

International Undergraduate Research Program (2009-2010)





Juan F. Arratia, Ph.D



President and Founder Scientific Caribbean Foundation, Inc.

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